## J. K. College, Purulia

**Department: Botany** 

## **MODULE AND LESSON PLAN For the academic session 2020-2021**

Name of the Faculty: Dr. Rimi Roy

\* All the classes/tests/activities to be performed in online mode only

COURSE	MODULE	NO. OF CLASSES (1 hour/ class	LESSON PLAN
		duration)	
		I HONOURS	
Microbiology	Unit 1: Introduction to microbial world		For each topic, lesson plan is prepared in the following way:
	1. Microbial nutrition - autotrophy and heterotrophy, sub divisions with examples 2. Growth and metabolism - different phases, growth curve, diauxic growth, metabolism 3. Economic importance of viruses with reference to vaccine production 4. Role of viruses in	1 1 1	<ul> <li>Objectives of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed</li> <li>MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test)</li> </ul>
	research, medicine and diagnostics	1	<ul><li>Activities:</li><li>Report writing presentation by students</li></ul>
	5. Role of viruses as causal organisms of plant diseases	1	by students
	6.Economic importance of bacteria with reference to their role in agriculture	1	
	7. Economic importance of bacteria with reference to their role in industry (fermentation and	1	

modiaina antihiatias	
medicine-antibiotics,	
sources etc.)	
Unit 2: Viruses	
Discovery	
1. Physiochemical and	1
	1
biological characteristics	
	1
	1
(Baltimore)	1
3. General structure	1
4. Viroids – structure,	1
host, mode of	
replication, importance	
etc.	
5. Prions - structure,	1
host, mode of	
replication, importance	
etc.	
6. DNA virus (T4-	1
phage), RNA virus	
(TMV) - ultrastructure	
7. Lytic and lysogenic	1
cycle	
Unit 3: Bacteria	
1. Discovery –	1
historical background;	
General characteristics	
2. Archaebacteria and	1
Eubacteria - types,	_
general features,	
examples, comparison	
between Archaea,	
Bacteria and Eukarya	
Dacteria and Eukarya	

Taxonomy	layers, 5. Cell wall, cell ultrastucture, 6. Cell inclusions, nucleoid, flagella 7. Nutritional types; vegetative and Reproductive structure - asexual 8. Recombination: Transformation — natural and artificial 9. Conjugation — F+ and F-, Hfr and F-, F' and F- 10. Transduction — generalized and specialised  SEM I GEN Unit 7 Identification 1. Herbarium Definition, preparation	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	For each topic, lesson plan is prepared in the following way:  • Introduction of the topic
	2. Functions of Herbarium, important herbaria and botanical gardens of the world and India 3. Documentation: Flora- definition, types, examples 4. Keys: single access and multi-access  Unit 9 Taxonomic hierarchy 1. Definition, Ranks, categories 2. taxonomic groups	1 1 1 1	<ul> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed</li> <li>MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test)</li> </ul>

	1. Principles and rules	1	
	(ICN)	1	
	2. Ranks and names	1	
	3. binominal system,		
	typification	1	
	4. Author citation, valid		
	publication	1	
	5. Rejection of names		
	6., Principle of priority	1	
	and its limitations		
	Unit 12 Biometrics,		
	numerical taxonomy		
	and cladistics		
	1. Characters;	1	
	variations; OTUs	1	
	The state of the s	1	
	2. Character weighting and coding	1	
	_	1	
	3. Cluster analysis	1	
	4. Phenograms,	1	
	cladograms (definitions	1	
	and differences).		
	CEDAL	LHONOUDG	
	SEM I	I HONOUKS	
Archegoniatae		I HONOURS	For each topic, lesson plan is
Archegoniatae and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes		For each topic, lesson plan is prepared in the following way:
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes 1.General characteristics	1	prepared in the following way:
_	Unit 4: Pteridophytes 1.General characteristics 2. Classification (Smith ,		<ul><li>prepared in the following way:</li><li>Introduction of the topic</li></ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes 1.General characteristics 2. Classification (Smith, 2006)	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:</li> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes 1.General characteristics 2. Classification (Smith, 2006) 3. Cooksonia:	1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:</li> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral</li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics  2. Classification (Smith, 2006)  3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:</li> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics 2. Classification (Smith, 2006) 3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:</li> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics 2. Classification (Smith, 2006) 3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:</li> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft</li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics  2. Classification (Smith, 2006)  3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution,	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:</li> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics  2. Classification (Smith, 2006)  3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology,	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:</li> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources</li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics 2. Classification (Smith, 2006) 3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:</li> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth</li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics  2. Classification (Smith, 2006)  3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure  4. Rhynia: introduction,	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:</li> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources</li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics  2. Classification (Smith, 2006)  3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure  4. Rhynia: introduction, systematic position,	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:</li> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed</li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics 2. Classification (Smith, 2006) 3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure 4. Rhynia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:         <ul> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed</li> </ul> </li> <li>MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test)</li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics  2. Classification (Smith, 2006)  3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure  4. Rhynia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:         <ul> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed</li> </ul> </li> <li>MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test)         <ul> <li>Activities:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics  2. Classification (Smith, 2006)  3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure  4. Rhynia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution,	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:         <ul> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed</li> </ul> </li> <li>MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test)         <ul> <li>Activities:</li> <li>Report writing presentation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics 2. Classification (Smith, 2006) 3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure 4. Rhynia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, anatomy, morphology, anatomy,	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:         <ul> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed</li> </ul> </li> <li>MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test)         <ul> <li>Activities:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics  2. Classification (Smith, 2006)  3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure  4. Rhynia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, anatomy, reproductive structure, structure,	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:         <ul> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed</li> </ul> </li> <li>MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test)         <ul> <li>Activities:</li> <li>Report writing presentation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics  2. Classification (Smith, 2006)  3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure  4. Rhynia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, anatomy, reproductive structure, reconstruction	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:         <ul> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed</li> </ul> </li> <li>MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test)         <ul> <li>Activities:</li> <li>Report writing presentation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics 2. Classification (Smith, 2006) 3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure 4. Rhynia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, anatomy, reproductive structure, reconstruction  Unit 5: Type Studies-	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:         <ul> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed</li> </ul> </li> <li>MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test)         <ul> <li>Activities:</li> <li>Report writing presentation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
and	Unit 4: Pteridophytes  1.General characteristics  2. Classification (Smith, 2006)  3. Cooksonia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure  4. Rhynia: introduction, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, reproductive structure, systematic position, geological age and geographical distribution, morphology, anatomy, reproductive structure, reconstruction	1 1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:         <ul> <li>Introduction of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Additional learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed</li> </ul> </li> <li>MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test)         <ul> <li>Activities:</li> <li>Report writing presentation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

T	introduction systematic		
	introduction, systematic		
	position, geological age		
	and geographical		
	distribution,		
	morphology, anatomy,		
	reproductive structure,		
	life cycle		
	2. <i>Selaginella</i> :	1	
	introduction, systematic		
	position, geographical		
	distribution,		
	morphology, anatomy		
	3. Selaginella:	1	
	reproductive structure,	1	
	life cycle, heterospory		
		1	
	1	1	
	introduction, systematic		
	position, geographical		
	distribution,		
	morphology, anatomy		
	5. Equisetum:	1	
	reproductive structure,		
	life cycle, incipient		
	heterospory		
	6. Pteris: introduction,	1	
	systematic position,		
	geographical		
	distribution,		
	morphology, anatomy		
	reproductive structure,		
	=		
	life cycle	1	
	7. Apogamy, and	1	
	apospory, heterospory		
	and seed habit		
	8. Telome theory	1	
	9. Stelar evolution	1	
	10. Ecological and	1	
	economic importance		
	Unit 7: Palaeobotany		
	1. Plant life through	1	
	ages	-	
	2. Geological time table	1	
	3. Fossils - definition,	1	
		1	
	types 4. Process of	1	
		1	
	fossilization		

	5. Factors for	1	
	fossilization,		
	6. Importance of fossil	1	
	SEM II GEN	ERIC ELEC	ΓIVE
Plant Physiology	Unit 1: Plant-water		For each topic, lesson plan is
and Metabolism	relations		prepared in the following way:
	1. Importance of water,	1	Introduction of the topic
	water potential and its		Discussion of core points
	components		Student assessment by oral
	2. Transpiration- types,	1	questions
	stomatal structure and		Sum up
	movement,		<u> </u>
	3. Significance of	1	Study material (MS PPT soft  apply) symplical
	transpiration, it is	1	copy) supplied
	necessary evil; Factors		Additional learning resources
	affecting transpiration		(Books/Journals/Websites/oth
	4. Root pressure and	1	ers) are informed
	guttation	1	MCO 4 A (1 A)
	Unit 3: Translocation in		MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test)
	phloem		
	1. Source and sink,	1	
	phloem components,	1	
	Composition of phloem		
	sap, girdling experiment		
	2. Pressure flow model	1	
		1 1	
	3. Phloem loading and	1	
	unloading- apoplast and		
	symplast		
	Unit 7: Nitrogen		
	metabolism	1	
	1. Biological nitrogen	1	
	fixation, N2 fixing		
	bacteria, nitrogenase		
	enzyme complex,		
	2. Root nodule	1	
	formation by bacteria	1	
	3. Nitrate assimilation,	1	
	nitrate and nitrite		
	reductase	4	
	4. Ammonia	1	
	assimilation, GS-		
	GOGAT pathway		
		I HONOURS	
Anatomy of	Unit 4: Vascular		For each topic, lesson plan is
Angiosperms	Cambium and Wood		prepared in the following way:
<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

	SEM IV	HONOURS	
Plant Systematics	Unit 2: Taxonomic hierarchy		For each topic, lesson plan is prepared in the following way:
	<ol> <li>Concept of taxa (family, genus, species)</li> <li>Categories and taxonomic hierarchy</li> <li>Species concept (taxonomic)</li> <li>Species concept</li> </ol>	1 1 1	<ul> <li>Objectives of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points</li> <li>Student assessment by oral questions</li> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> </ul>
	(biological) 5. Species concept (evolutionary)	1	• Learning resources (Books/Journals/Websites/oth ers) are informed
	Unit 3: Botanical nomenclature  1. ICN- full form, Principles	1	MCQ test (duration: 1 hour/test) Activities: • Report writing presentation
	<ul><li>2. Rules of ICN</li><li>3. Ranks and names</li><li>4. Typification</li></ul>	1 1 1	by students
	<ul><li>5. Author citation</li><li>6. Valid publication</li><li>7. Rejection of names</li></ul>	1 1 1	
	8. Illegitimate names 9. Principle of priority and its limitations	1 1	
	10. Names of hybrids and cultivated plants Unit 5: Biometrics, numerical taxonomy and cladistics	1	

	1. Characters	1
	2. Variations	1
	3. OTUs	1
	4. Character weighting	1
	5.Character coding	1
	6. Cluster analysis	1
	7. Phenograms – brief	1
	idea, construction of	
	phenogram, related	
	softwares	
	8. Cladograms- brief	1
	idea, construction of	
	cladogram, related	
	softwares	
	9. Differences between	1
	Phenogram and	
	Cladogram	
Herbal	Unit 1:Herbal medicines	
Technology	Unit 4: Analytical	
(SEC)	pharmacognosy	
	1. Drug adulteration –	1
	types	
	2. Methods of drug	1
	evaluation	
	3. Biological testing of	1
	herbal drugs	

	4. secondary metabolites (alkaloids, flavonoids, steroids, triterpenoids, phenolic compounds) 5. Phytochemical screening tests for alkaloids, flavonoids 6. Phytochemical screening tests for steroids, triterpenoids 7. Phytochemical screening tests for phenolic compounds	1 1 1	
	SEM V	HONOURS	
COURSE	MODULE	NO. OF	LESSON PLAN
COURSE	MODULE	CLASSES (1 hour/ class duration)	LESSON PLAN
Reproductive Biology of Angiosperms	Unit 1: Introduction  1. History (contributions of G.B. Amici, W. Hofmeister, E. Strasburger, S.G. Nawaschin)  2. P. Maheshwari, B.M. Johri, W.A. Jensen, J. Heslop-Harrison) and scope.  Unit 2: Reproductive development	2	For each topic, lesson plan is prepared in the following way:      Objectives of the topic     Discussion of core points     Student assessment by MCQ and quizzes     Sum up     Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied     Learning resources (Books/e-Journals/Websites/others) are informed Assignments such as MCQ, subjective questions, project are to

ent: ılar 2	Activities: Students have to prepare both MCQ and subjective questions from the assigned topic.
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3. Female gametophyte—megasporogenesis (monosporic, bisporic and tetrasporic)	3	
4. megagametogenesis (details of Polygonum type);	2	
5. Organization and ultrastructure of mature embryo sac.	2	
Unit 5: Pollination and fertilization		
1. Pollination types and significance;	2	
2. Adaptations; pollinating agents	2	
3. Structure of stigma and style; path of pollen tube in pistil; double fertilization	2	
Unit 6: Self incompatibility		
1. Basic concepts (interspecific, intraspecific, heteromorphic- distyly, tristyly)	2	
2. Homomorphic (GSI and SSI)	2	
3. Methods to overcome self- incompatibility: mixed pollination, bud pollination, stub pollination; Intra-	2	

ovarian and in vitro pollination;		
Modification of stigma surface		
4. parasexual	2	
hybridization		
5. Cybrids, in vitro fertilization	2	
Unit 7: Embryo,		
Endosperm and Seed		
1. Structure and types	1	
2. General pattern of development of dicot embryo	2	
3. General pattern of development of monocot embryo	2	
4. General pattern of development of endosperm; endosperm and perisperm	2	
5. Suspensor: structure and functions; Embryo-endosperm relationship; Nutrition of embryo; Unusual features; Embryo development in Paeonia.	2	
6. Seed structure, importance and dispersal mechanisms	2	
Units 7: Polyembryony and apomixis		

	1. Introduction	1	
	2. Classification	2	
	3. Causes and	2	
	applications		
	SEM V	I HONOURS	
COURSE	MODULE	NO. OF CLASSES (1 hour/ class duration)	LESSON PLAN
Plant metabolism	Unit-2 Carbon assimilation		For each topic, lesson plan is prepared in the following way:  Objectives of the topic Discussion of core points
	1. Historical background	1	Student assessment by MCQ and quizzes
	<ol> <li>photosynthetic pigments, role of photosynthetic pigments (chlorophyllsand accessory pigments)</li> <li>antenna molecules and reaction centres, photochemical reactions, photosynthetic electron transport</li> </ol>	2	<ul> <li>Sum up</li> <li>Study material (MS PPT soft copy) supplied</li> <li>Learning resources (Books/e-Journals/Websites/others) are informed</li> <li>Assignments such as MCQ, subjective questions, project are to be conducted online through google classroom</li> <li>Activities:         <ul> <li>Report writing presentation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul><li>4. PSI, PSII, Q cycle</li><li>5. CO2 reduction</li></ul>	2	by students
	6. photorespiration	2 2	
	7. C4 pathways; Crassulacean acid metabolism	2	

8. Factors affecting CO2	2	
reduction	-	
Unit-4: Carbon		
Oxidation		
1.Glycolysis,	1	
2 foto of pyrayoto	1	
2. fate of pyruvate,	1	
Regulation of glycolysis		
3. oxidative pentose	1	
phosphate pathway		
4. Oxidative		
	1	
decarboxylation of		
pyruvate,		
5. Regulation of PDH,	1	
NADH shuttle;	1	
6. TCA		
cycle,amphibolic role,	2	
anaplerotic reactions,		
regulation of the cycle		
7.70		
7. Mitochondrial		
electron Transport	1	
8. Oxidative		
phosphorylation,		
cyanide-resistant		
respiration, factors		
	2	
affecting respiration		
Unit 7: Nitrogen		
metabolism		

1. Nitrate assimilation	2	
T. T. T. T. M. W.	_	
2. Biological nitrogen	1	
fixation (examples of		
legumes and non-		
legumes)		
_		
3. Physiology and	2	
biochemistry of nitrogen		
fixation		
4. Ammonia	2	
assimilation and	_	
transamination		
transammation		

## Name of the Faculty: Dr. Asma Sultana

## LESSON PLAN

COURSE	TOPICS	NO. OF	LESSON PLAN		
TITLE		CLASSES			
		(1 hour/ lecture)			
	SEM I HONOURS				
Cell Biology	Unit 4: Introduction to microbial world		For each topic, lesson plan is prepared in the following way:		

a. Cell as a unit of structure and function  b. Characteristics of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells  c. Origin of eukaryotic cell (Endosymbiotic theory)	1	<ul> <li>Learning objectives of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points and elaborations</li> <li>Concluding by summing up, remedial class taken</li> <li>Student assessment through interactions</li> <li>Study material provided (Ppt/slides)</li> <li>Information about learning resources like eBooks/Websites/others are provided</li> </ul>
Unit 5: Cell wall and plasma membrane  a. Chemistry, structure and function of Plant cell wall.  b. Chemical composition of	1	<ul> <li>Activities:</li> <li>Arrangement of quiz contests</li> <li>Written/class tests: 1</li> <li>Group discussion</li> <li>Visual demonstrations through ppts of the practical portion of the syllabus as required and possible</li> </ul>
membranes; overview of membrane function; fluid mosaic model  c. Membrane transport  — Passive, active and facilitated transport, endocytosis and		

exocytosis		
d. Exracellular matrix	1	
	2	
Unit 6: Cell organelles		
a. Nucleus: Structure-	4	
nuclear envelope, nuclear pore complex,		
nuclear lamina,		
molecular organization		
of chromatin; nucleolus.		
nucle of u.s.		
b. Cytoskeleton: Role and structure of		
microtubules,		
microfilaments and		
intermediary filament.		
	2	
c. Chloroplast,		
mitochondria and		
peroxisomes: Structural organization;		
Semiautonomous nature		
of mitochondria and		

chloroplast. Function		
d. Endomembrane system: Endoplasmic Reticulum – Structure, targeting and insertion of proteins in the ER, protein folding, processing; Smooth ER and lipid synthesis, export of proteins and lipids; Golgi Apparatus; Lysosomes	3	
•	4	
	•	
e. Golgi Apparatus – organization, protein glycosylation, protein sorting and export from		
	3	

	1	
	1	
■ Written test		
different cell structures, different cell organelles Group discussion Quiz contest		
<ul> <li>Remedial class</li> <li>Visual demonstration through ppts were done for cell division stages, of</li> </ul>	1 2	
a. Phases of eukaryotic cell cycle, mitosis and meiosis; Regulation of cell cycle- checkpoints, role of protein kinases	2	

Plant Ecology	Unit 5: Phytogeography		For each topic, lesson plan is
and Taxonomy	a. Principle	2	prepared in the following way:
	biogeographical zones;		<ul> <li>Learning objectives of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points and elaborations</li> <li>Concluding by summing up,</li> </ul>
	b. Endemism	2	<ul><li>Student assessment through interactions</li><li>Study material provided</li></ul>
	Unit 7: Identification		(Ppt/slides)  • Information about learning
	a. Functions of Herbarium, important herbaria and botanical gardens of the world and India;	2	resources like eBooks/Websites/others are provided
	and mura,		Activities:
			Written/class tests: 1
	b. Documentation: Flora, Keys: single access and multi-access		
		2	
	Unit 8 Taxonomic evidences		
	a. from palynology,	2	
	b.cytology, phytochemistry	2	
	c. and molecular data. and its limitations  Written tests	2	
	vv ritten tests		

		1	
	SEM I	I HONOURS	
Mycology and Phytopathology	Unit 1: Introduction to true fungi		For each topic, lesson plan is prepared in the following way:
	a. General characteristics; Affinities with plants and animals	2	<ul> <li>Learning objectives of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points and elaborations</li> <li>Concluding by summing up, remedial teaching when required.</li> </ul>
	b. Thallus organization; Cell wall composition; Nutrition; Classification reproductive structure, reconstruction	2	<ul> <li>Student assessment through interactions</li> <li>Study material provided (Ppt/slides)</li> <li>Information about learning</li> </ul>
	Unit 2: Chytridiomycota and Zygomycota  a. Characteristic	2	resources like eBooks/Websites/others are provided
	a. Characteristic features; Ecology and significance; Thallus organisation; Reproduction	2	Activities:  • Arrangement of quiz contests
	b. Life cycle with reference to Synchytrium, Rhizopus	3	<ul> <li>Written/class tests: 1</li> <li>Group discussion</li> <li>Visual demonstrations through ppts of the practical portion of the syllabus as required and possible</li> </ul>

c. Agaricus; Bioluminescence, Fairy Rings and Mushroom Cultivation (Oyster) (2 lectures).		
	2	
Unit 5: Oomycota		
a. General characteristics; Ecology; Life cycle and classification	2	
b. Phytophthora	2	

Unit 6 Symbiotic associations		
a. Lichen – Occurrence; General characteristics; Growth forms and range of thallus organization; Nature of associations of algal and fungal partners.	1	
b. Reproduction; Mycorrhiza- Ectomycorrhiza, Endomycorrhiza and their significance.		
	2	
Unit 7: Applied Mycology		

<del></del> -		
a. Role of fungi in biotechnology; Application of fungi in food industry (Flavour & texture, Fermentation, Baking, Organic acids, Enzymes, Mycoproteins)	2	
b. Agriculture (Biofertilizers); Biological control (Mycofungicides, Mycoherbicides, Mycoinsecticides, Myconematicides); Medical mycology	4	
<ul> <li>Remedial teaching</li> <li>Visual demonstration of different fungus, their life stages and thallus structures</li> <li>Quiz contest</li> </ul>	1	
<ul><li>Group discussion</li><li>Written test</li></ul>	2	

		1	
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		1	
		1	
	SEM II GEN	ERIC ELEC	IIVE
Plant Physiology	Unit 2: Mineral nutrition		For each topic, lesson plan is
and Metabolism	a. Essential elements,	1	prepared in the following way:
	macro and	1	<ul> <li>Learning objectives of the</li> </ul>
	micronutrients;		topic
			Discussion of core points and
			<ul><li>elaborations</li><li>Concluding by summing up</li></ul>
	b. Criteria of essentiality		Concluding by summing up
	of elements; Role of		
			Student assessment through

	c. Transport of ions across cell membrane, active and passive transport, carriers, channels and pumps.	6	<ul> <li>interactions</li> <li>Study material provided (Ppt/slides)</li> <li>Information about learning resources like eBooks/Websites/others are provided</li> </ul> Activities:
	U nit 6: Enzymes  a.Structure and properties	2	Written/class tests: 1
	b. Mechanism of enzyme catalysis and enzyme inhibition.	2	
	Written tests	1 I HONOURS	
	SEWI II	HONOURS	
Economic Botany	Unit 1: Origin of Cultivated Plants		For each topic, lesson plan is prepared in the following way:
	a. Concept of Centres of Origin, their importance with reference to Vavilov's work. Examples of major plant introductions	2	<ul> <li>Learning objectives of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points and elaborations</li> <li>Concluding by summing up, remedial class taken</li> </ul>
	b. Crop domestication and loss of genetic diversity; evolution of new crops/varieties,		<ul> <li>Student assessment through interactions</li> <li>Study material provided (Ppt/slides)</li> <li>Information about learning</li> </ul>

	1		111
	importance of germplasm diversity	1	resources like eBooks/Websites/others are provided
	Unit 2: Cereals		Activities:
	a. Wheat (origin, morphology, cultivation, management, processing & uses)	2	<ul> <li>Arrangement of quiz contests</li> <li>Written/class tests: 1</li> </ul>
	b. Rice (origin, morphology, cultivation, management, processing & uses)	2	Visual demonstrations     through ppts of the practical     portion of the syllabus as     required and possible.     Students submitted practical     records online.
Economic	Unit 3: Legumes		
Botany	a. Origin, morphology cultivation, management and uses of:		
	i. Chick pea		
	ii. Pigeon pea and	2	
		2	
	b. fodder legumes. Importance to man and ecosystem	2	
	Unit 4: Sources of sugars and starches		
	a. Morphology and processing of sugarcane, cultivation, management, products and by-products of	2	

sugarcane industry		
, and the same y		
b. Potato – morphology,		
propagation & uses		
(lectures).		
	2	
Unit 5: Spices		
a. Listing of important spices, their family and		
part used. Economic	2	
importance		
_		
b. with special reference		
to fennel, saffron, clove		
and black pepper.		
	4	
	•	
<ul> <li>Remedial</li> </ul>		
classes		
<ul><li>Visual demonstration</li></ul>		
through ppts of	2	
habit sketches		
of cereals,		
legumes, starch yielding plants		
and spices were	3	
given, along	-	
with sectional views of cereal		
grains were		

	provided	1	
	SEM IV	HONOURS	
Plant Ecology	Unit 1: Introduction		For each topic, lesson plan is prepared in the following way:
Phytogeography	a. Basic concepts; Levels of organization  b. Inter-relationships between the living world and the environment, the components and	2	<ul> <li>Learning objectives of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points and elaborations</li> <li>Concluding by summing up, remedial class taken</li> <li>Student assessment through</li> </ul>

	dynamism, homeostasis		<ul> <li>interactions</li> <li>Study material provided (Ppt/slides)</li> <li>Information about learning resources like eBooks/Websites/others are provided</li> </ul>
	Unit 2: Soil	2	
	a. Importance; Origin; Formation	2	Activities:
Plant Ecology	b. Composition; Physical; Chemical and		Written/class tests: 1
and Phytogeography	Biological components	2	Group discussion
	c. Soil profile; Role of climate in soil development	2	
		2	
	Unit 3: Water		
	a. Importance: States of water in the environment	1	
	b. Atmospheric		

moisture; Precipitation types (rain, fog, snow, hail, dew); Hydrological Cycle  c. Water in soil; Water	2	
 Unit 4: Light,	1	
temperature, wind and fire: Variations; adaptations of plants to their variation.		
<ul><li>a. Light: Variations;</li><li>adaptations of plants to their variation (1 lecture).</li><li>b. Temperature:</li></ul>	1	
Variations; adaptations of plants to their variation (1 lecture).  c. Wind: Variations;	1	
adaptations of plants to their variation (1 lecture).  d. Fire: Variations;	1	
adaptations of plants to		

their variation (1		
lecture).	1	
	1	
Hait 5. Deconstants		
Unit 5: Ecosystems		
a. Structure; Processes;	2	
Trophic organization		
h. Food shains and Food		
b. Food chains and Food webs; Ecological		
pyramids	2	
17	2	
Unit 6: Population		
ecology		
a.Characteristics and	2	
Dynamics.		
b. Ecological Speciation	1	
	_	
- D 12.1.1.		
<ul> <li>Remedial class</li> </ul>		

	<ul> <li>Discussions on the aspect of temperature measurement, soil pH measurements, water pollution analysis were done.</li> <li>Written test</li> <li>Group discussion</li> </ul>	1 2	
	SEM V	HONOURS	
COURSE	MODULE	NO. OF	LESSON PLAN
COURSE	MODULE	CLASSES (1 hour/ class duration)	LESSON PLAIN
<b>Plant Breeding</b>	Unit 1: Plant Breeding		For each topic, lesson plan is
(DSE)	<ul><li>a. Introduction and objectives</li><li>b. Modes of reproduction in crop</li></ul>	1	<ul> <li>prepared in the following way:</li> <li>Learning objectives of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points and elaborations</li> <li>Concluding by summing up, remedial class taken</li> </ul>

	plants.		
		1	<ul> <li>Student assessment through interactions</li> <li>Study material provided (Ppt/slides)</li> <li>Information about learning resources like eBooks/Websites/others are provided</li> </ul> Activities:
	Unit 2: Methods of crop improvement		
	a. Introduction: Centres of origin and domestication of crop plants, plant genetic resources	5	
	b. Acclimatization; Selection methods: For self-pollinated, cross pollinated and vegetatively propagated plants	6	<ul> <li>Review submission by students</li> <li>Written/class tests: 1</li> </ul>
	c. Hybridization: For self, cross and vegetatively propagated plants – Procedure, advantages and limitations		
		7	
	Unit 3: Quantitative inheritance		
	a. Concept, mechanism with examples of inheritance	2	
	b. Monogenic vs		

_	polygenic Inheritance	2	
	porygenic inheritance	2	
	Unit 4: Heterosis		
	Ullit 4: Heterosis		
	a. Theories	1	
	1 4 1	2	
	b. Applications.	2	
	Unit 5: Crop		
	improvement and		
	breeding		
	orceang		
	a. Role of mutations;	5	
	Polyploidy		
	h Distant hybridization		
	b. Distant hybridization		
		2	
	c. role of biotechnology		
	in crop improvement		
		3	
		2	
	Remedial classes		
	Acinculal Classes	•	
	Written test	2	
		1	
		1	

	SEM V	I HONOURS	
COURSE	MODULE	NO. OF CLASSES (1 hour/ class duration)	LESSON PLAN
Plant metabolism	Unit 1: Imaging and related techniques		For each topic, lesson plan is prepared in the following way:
	a. Principles of microscopy; Light microscopy; Fluorescence microscopy; Confocal microscopy	8	<ul> <li>Learning objectives of the topic</li> <li>Discussion of core points and elaborations</li> <li>Concluding by summing up, remedial class taken</li> </ul>
	b. Use of fluorochromes: i. Flow cytometry (FACS)	1	<ul> <li>Student assessment through interactions</li> <li>Study material provided (Ppt/slides)</li> <li>Information about learning resources like eBooks/Websites/others are provided</li> </ul>
	ii. Applications of fluorescence microscopy: Chromosome banding, FISH, chromosome painting; Transmission and Scanning electron microscopy – sample preparation for electron microscopy, cryofixation, negative staining, shadow casting, freeze fracture, freeze etching.	7	<ul> <li>Activities:</li> <li>Student seminar</li> <li>Written/class tests: 1</li> <li>Visual demonstrations through ppts of the practical portion of the syllabus as required and possible.</li> </ul>

Unit 2: Cell fractionation		
a. Centrifugation: Differential and density gradient centrifugation, sucrose density gradient	5	
b. CsCl2gradient, analytical centrifugation, ultracentrifugation, marker enzymes		
	3	
Unit 3: Radioisotopes		
a. Use in biological research,	1	
b. auto-radiography,	1	
c. pulse chase experiment.	2	
Unit 4: Spectrophotometry		
a. Principle	1	
b. application in biological research.	1	
	1	 

Unit 5: Chron	natography		
a. Principle; chromatograp		2	
b. Column: si chromatograp Affinity chromatograp	phy;	4	
Unit 6: Chara of proteins an acids			
a. Mass spect X-ray diffract crystallograph	tion; X-ray	3	
b. Characterize proteins and reacids; Electron AGE, PAGE, PAGE	phoresis: , SDS-	3	
a. Statistics, depopulation, sa parameters; Representation Tabular, Grap	data, 5 amples, on of Data:	5	
b. Measures of tendency: Ari mean, mode,	ithmetic		

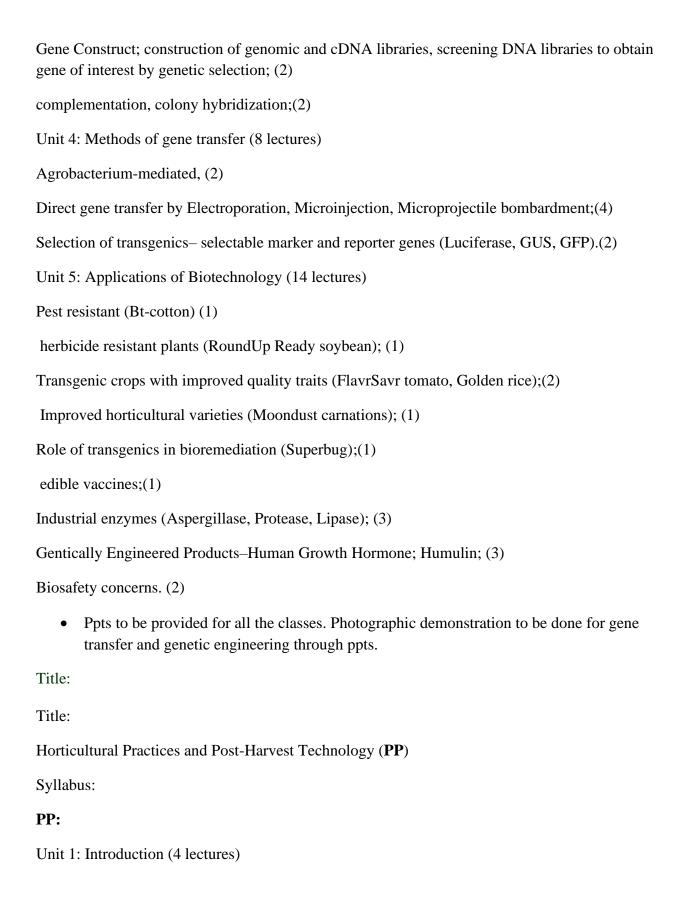
c. Measures dispersion: R deviation, va standard dev square test fo of fit	Range, mean ariation, riation; Chi-	
	tice of s/problems	
Stud blott techr micr techr stain techr	niques, oscopic niques, ing niques,	
prep. were	aration 2 done ugh visual	
ppt demo Requ	onstration. 4	
prov for st purp	ided as well tudy oose.	
■ Writ	ten test	

# Name of the Faculty: Dr. Sujit Ghosh (SG)

PCR and PCR mediated gene cloning; (2)

# Miss Purnima Paramanik (PP)

# **SEM VI** Title: Syllabus: Title: Plant Biotechnology (SG) Syllabus: Unit 1: Plant Tissue Culture (16 lectures) a. Historical perspective; Composition of media; Nutrient and hormone requirements (role of vitamins and hormones); Totipotency;(4) b. Organogenesis; Embryogenesis (somatic and zygotic); (4) c. Protoplast isolation, culture and fusion; (4) d. Tissue culture applications (micropropagation, androgenesis, virus elimination, secondary metabolite production, haploids, triploids and hybrids; (3) e. Cryopreservation; Germplasm Conservation).(1) Unit 2: Recombinant DNA technology (12 lectures) Restriction Endonucleases (History, Types I-IV, biological role and application);(2) Restriction Mapping (Linear and Circular); (2) Cloning Vectors: Prokaryotic (pUC 18 and pUC19, pBR322, Ti plasmid, BAC); Lambda phage, M13 phagemid, Cosmid, Shuttle vector; Eukaryotic Vectors (YAC).(8) Unit 3: Gene Cloning (10 lectures) Recombinant DNA, (2) Bacterial Transformation and selection of recombinant clones, (2)



Scope and importance, Branches of horticulture (1 lecture); Role in rural economy and employment generation (1 lecture); Importance in food and nutritional security; Urban horticulture and ecotourism (2 lectures).

# Unit 2: Ornamental plants (4 lectures)

Types, classification (annuals, perennials, climbers and trees)(1 lecture); Identification and salient features of some ornamental plants [rose, marigold, gladiolus, carnations, orchids, poppies, gerberas, tuberose, sages, cacti and succulents (opuntia, agave and spurges) (2lectures) Ornamental flowering trees (Indian laburnum, gulmohar, Jacaranda, Lagerstroemia, fishtail and areca palms, semul,coral tree)(1 lecture).

# Unit 3: Fruit and vegetable crops (4 lectures)

Production, origin and distribution (1 lecture); Description of plants and their economic products(1 lecture); Management and marketing of vegetable and fruit crops; Identification of some fruits and vegetable varieties (citrus, banana, mango, chillies and cucurbits)(2 lectures).

# Unit 4: Post-harvest technology (10 lectures)

Importance of post harvest technology in horticultural crops (2 lectures); Evaluation of quality traits; Harvesting and handling of fruits, vegetables and cut flowers (3 lectures); Principles, methods of preservation and processing (2 lectures); Methods of minimizing loses during storage and transportation (2 lectures); Food irradiation - advantages and disadvantages; food safety (1 lectures).

# Unit 5: Disease control and management (8 lectures)

Field and post-harvest diseases; Identification of deficiency symptoms; remedial measures and nutritional management practices (2 lectures); Crop sanitation; IPM strategies (genetic, biological andchemical methods for pest control)(2 lectures); Quarantine practices; Identification of common diseases and pests of ornamentals (3 lectures), fruits and vegetable crops (1 lecture).

# Unit 6: Horticultural crops - conservation and management (10 lectures)

Documentation and conservation of germplasm (1 lecture); Role of micropropagation and tissue culture techniques (2 lectures); Varieties and cultivars of various horticultural crops(2 lectures); IPR issues (1 lecture); National, international and professional societies and sources of information on horticulture(4 lectures).

Unit 7: Field trip Field visits to gardens, standing crop sites, nurseries, vegetable gardens and horticultural fields at IARI or other suitable locations.

• Ppts to be provided for all the classes. Materials to be provided for different method of horticulture techniques, photographic visualization to be done for propagation method, landscaping and garden design through ppts.

# **SEM V:**

Title:

Plant Physiology (**PP**)

Syllabus:

# PP:

Unit 1: Plant-water relations (10 lectures)

Water Potential and its components, water absorption by roots, aquaporins, pathway of water movement, symplast, apoplast, transmembrane pathways(4 lectures), root pressure, guttation. Ascent of sap— cohesion-tension theory(2 lectures). Transpiration and factors affecting transpiration, antitranspirants(2 lectures), mechanism of stomatal movement(2 lectures).

Unit 2: Mineral nutrition (8 lectures)

Essential and beneficial elements, macro and micronutrients, methods of study and use of nutrient solutions, criteria for essentiality(3 lectures), mineral deficiency symptoms, roles of essential elements(4 lectures), chelating agents(1 lecture).

Unit 3: Nutrient Uptake (8 lectures)

Soil as a nutrient reservoir, transport of ions across cell membrane, passive absorption, electrochemical gradient, facilitated diffusion, active absorption(3 lectures), role of ATP, carrier systems, proton ATPase pump and ion flux, uniport, co-transport, symport, antiport(5 lectures).

Unit 4: Translocation in the phloem (8 lectures)

Experimental evidence in support of phloem as the site of sugar translocation(2 lectures). Pressure–Flow Model; Phloem loading and unloading (4 lectures); Source–sinkrelationship(2 lectures).

Unit 5: Plant growth regulators (14 lectures)

Discovery, chemical nature (basic structure), bioassay and physiological roles of Auxin(2 lectures), Gibberellins(2 lectures), Cytokinin(2 lectures), Abscisic acid(2 lectures), Ethylene(2 lectures), Brassinosteroids(2 lectures) and Jasmonic acid(2 lectures).

Unit 6: Physiology of flowering (6 lectures)

Photoperiodism(2 lectures), flowering stimulus, florigen concept, vernalization(2 lectures), seed dormancy(2 lectures).

Unit 7: Phytochrome, crytochromes and phototropins (6 lectures)

Discovery, chemical nature, role in photomorphogenesis(4 lectures), low energy responses (LER) and high irradiance responses (HIR), mode of action(2 lectures).

Ppts to be provided for all the classes. Audio-visual demonstrations to be given for suction due to transpiration using ppts. Visual demonstration of fruit ripening/rooting from cutting and bolting experiment/Avena coleptile bioassay using ppts.

Title:
Industrial and Environmental Microbiology (SG)
Syllabus:
SG
Title:
Industrial and Environmental Microbiology

Syllabus:

Unit 1: Scope of microbes in industry and environment (6 lectures)

Unit 2: Bioreactors/Fermenters and fermentation processes (12 lectures)

Batch and continuous fermentations. Components of a typical bioreactor, (2)

Solid-state- Types of bioreactors tray, fixedbed, air-lift fermenter (4)

liquid-state (stationary and submerged) fermentations; Types of bioreactors Constantly stirred tank fermenter, tower fermenter (4)

Types of bioreactors-laboratory, pilotscale and production fermenters;(2)

A visit to any educational institute/ industry to see an industrial fermenter, and other downstream processing operations. (2 days)

Unit 3: Microbial production of industrial products (12 lectures)

Upstream: Microorganisms involved, media, fermentation conditions, (3)

downstream processing and uses; Filtration, centrifugation, cell disruption, solvent extraction, precipitation and ultrafiltration, lyophilization, spray drying;(3)

Hands on microbial fermentations for the production and estimation (qualitative and quantitative) of Enzyme: amylase or lipase activity, Organic acid (citric acid or glutamic acid), alcohol (Ethanol) and antibiotic (Penicillin)(6)

Unit 4: Microbial enzymes of industrial interest and enzyme immobilization (8 lectures)

Microorganisms for industrial applications—and hands on screening microorganisms for casein hydrolysis; starch hydrolysis; cellulose hydrolysis.(4)

Methods of immobilization, advantages and applications of immobilization, large scale applications of immobilized enzymes (glucose isomerase and penicillin acylase).(4)

Unit 5: Microbes and quality of environment. (6 lectures)

Distribution of microbes in air;(2)

Isolation of microorganisms from soil, air and water.(4)

Unit 6: Microbial flora of water. (8 lectures)

Water pollution, role of microbes in sewage and domestic waste water treatment systems.(4)

Determination of BOD, COD, TDS and TOC of water samples; (1)

Microorganisms as indicators of water quality, check coliform and fecal coliform in water samples. (4)

Unit 7: Microbes in agriculture and remediation of contaminated soils. (8 lectures)

Biological fixation; Isolation of root nodulating bacteria, (4)

Mycorrhizae; arbuscular mycorrhizal colonization in plant roots. (2)

Bioremediation of contaminated soils. (2)

Ppts to be provided for all the classes. Also, visual demonstrations of several instruments and sterilization of techniques to be given using ppts.

# Sem IV: Title: Molecular Biology (SG) Syllabus:

#### SG:

Unit 1: Nucleic acids: Carriers of genetic information (4 lectures) Historical perspective; DNA as the carrier of genetic information (Griffith's, Hershey & Chase, Avery, McLeod & McCarty, Fraenkel-Conrat's experiment.

Unit 2. The Structures of DNA and RNA / Genetic Material (10 lectures)

DNA Structure: Miescher to Watson and Crick- historic perspective, DNA structure, Salient features of double helix, Types of DNA, Eukaryotes.RNA Structure. (4)

Types of genetic material, denaturation and renaturation, cot curves;(2)

The Nucleosome. Chromatin structure- Euchromatin, Heterochromatin- Constitutive and Facultative heterochromatin. (2)

Organization of DNA-Viruses, Prokaryotes, (1)

Organelle DNA -- mitochondria and chloroplast DNA. (1)

Unit 2: The replication of DNA (10 lectures)

Chemistry of DNA synthesis (Kornberg's discovery); 1

General principles – bidirectional, semiconservative and semi discontinuous replication, RNA priming; 2

Various models of DNA replication, including rolling circle,  $\theta$  (theta) mode of replication, replication of linear ds-DNA,2

replication of the 5'end of linear chromosome; 1

Enzymes involved in DNA replication.2

Unit 3: Central dogma and genetic code (2 lectures)

 $Key\ experiments\ establishing-The\ Central\ Dogma\ (Adaptor\ hypothesis\ and\ discovery\ of\ mRNA\ template), 1$ 

Genetic code (deciphering & salient features)1 Unit 4: Transcription (18 lectures) Transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.6 Principles of transcriptional regulation; Prokaryotes: Regulation of lactose metabolism and tryptophan synthesis in E. coli. 6 Eukaryotes: transcription factors, heat shock proteins, steroids and peptide hormones; Gene silencing.6 Unit 5: Processing and modification of RNA (8 lectures) Split genes-concept of introns and exons, removal of introns, spliceosome machinery, splicing pathways, group I and group II intron splicing, 4 alternative splicing eukaryotic mRNA processing (5' cap, 3' polyA tail); 2 Ribozymes; RNA editing and mRNA transport.2 Unit 6: Translation (8 lectures) Ribosome structure and assembly, mRNA; 1 Charging of tRNA, aminoacyltRNAsynthetases;1 Various steps in protein synthesis, proteins involved in initiation, elongation and termination of polypeptides; 4 Fidelity of translation;1 Inhibitors of protein synthesis; 1 Post-translational modifications of proteins. Ppts to be provided for all the classes. Photographic demonstrations to be done for prokaryotic RNA details, genetic materials and spliceosome assembly. Title: Plant Ecology and Phytogeography (AS+PP) **Syllabus:** 

Unit 7: Plant communities (8 lectures)

PP:

Concept of ecological amplitude; Habitat and niche(2 lectures); Characters: analytical and synthetic(2 lectures); Ecotone and edge effect(1 lecture); Dynamics: succession – processes, types; climax concepts(3 lectures).

Unit 8: Biotic interactions (2 lectures)

Trophic organization, basic source of energy, autotrophy, heterotrophy; symbiosis, commensalism, parasitism(1 lecture); food chains and webs; ecological pyramids; biomass, standing crop(1 lecture).

Unit 9: Functional aspects of ecosystem (8 lectures)

Principles and models of energy flow; Production and productivity(2 lectures); Ecological efficiencies(2 lectures); Biogeochemical cycles; Cycling of Carbon, Nitrogen and Phosphorus (4 lectures).

Unit 10: Phytogeography (12 lectures)

Principles; Continental drift; Theory of tolerance (3 lectures); Endemism(1 lecture); Brief description of major terrestrial biomes (one each from tropical, temperate & tundra)(4 lectures); Phytogeographical division of India; Local Vegetation(4 lectures).

• Ppts to be provided for all the classes. Visual demonstrations of several instruments used to measure microclimate variables were given using slides. Photographic demonstrations to be done for morphological adaptations of hydrophytes and xerophytes through ppts.

Title:

Herbal Technology (**SG sir**)

Syllabus:

#### SG sir:

Unit 1:Herbal medicines: history and scope - definition of medical terms - role of medicinal plants in Siddha systems of medicine; cultivation - harvesting - processing - storage - marketing and utilization of medicinal plants. (6 Lectures)

Unit 2:Pharmacognosy - systematic position m edicinal uses of the following herbs in curing various ailments; Tulsi, Ginger, Fenugreek, Indian Goose berry and Ashoka. (6 Lectures)

Unit 3:Phytochemistry - active principles and methods of their testing - identification and utilization of the medicinal herbs; Catharanthusroseus (cardiotonic), Withaniasomnifera (drugs

acting on nervous system), Clerodendronphlomoides (anti-rheumatic) and Centellaasiatica (memory booster). (6 Lectures)

Unit 4: Analyticalpharmacognosy: Drug adulteration - types, methods of drug evaluation - Biological testing of herbal drugs - Phytochemical screening tests for secondary metabolites (alkaloids, flavonoids, steroids, triterpenoids, phenolic compounds) (8 Lectures)

Unit 5:Medicinal plant banks micro propagation of important species (Withaniasomnifera, neem and tulsi- Herbal foods-future of pharmacognosy) (4 Lectures)

# **SEM III:**

Title:

Economic Botany (SG)

Syllabus:

#### SG:

Unit 6: Beverages (4 lectures) Tea, Coffee (morphology, processing & uses)

Unit 7: Sources of oils and fats (10 lectures) General description, lectureification, their uses and health implications groundnut, coconut, linseed, soybean, mustard and coconut (Botanical name, family & uses). Essential Oils: General account, comparison with fatty oils & their uses.

Unit 8: Natural Rubber (3 lectures) Para-rubber: tapping, processing and uses.

Unit 9: Drug-yielding plants (8 lectures) Therapeutic and habit-forming drugs with special reference to Cinchona, Digitalis, Papaver and Cannabis; Tobacco (Morphology, processing, uses and health hazards).

Unit 10: Timber plants (3 Lectures) General account with special reference to teak and pine.

Unit 11: Fibers (4 lectures) Lectureification based on the origin of fibers; Cotton, Coir and Jute (morphology, extraction and uses).

- 12. Fiber-yielding plants: Cotton (specimen, whole mount of seed to show lint and fuzz; whole mount of fiber and test for cellulose), Jute (specimen, transverse section of stem, test for lignin on transverse section of stem and fiber).
  - Ppts to be provided for all the classes. Also, visual demonstrations for habit sketches and required transverse sections to be provided through slides.

Title:	

Genetics (**PP**)

Syllabus:

Unit 1: Mendelian genetics and its extension (16 lectures)

Mendelism: History; Principles of inheritance(2 lectures); Chromosome theory of inheritance(1 lecture); Autosomes and sex chromosomes; Probability and pedigree analysis(2 lectures); Incomplete dominance and codominance; Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles(1 lecture), Epistasis(3 lectures), Pleiotropy, Recessive and Dominant traits, Penetrance and Expressivity(3 lectures), Numericals; Polygenic inheritance(4 lectures).

Unit 2: Extrachromosomal Inheritance (6 lectures)

Chloroplast mutation: Variegation in Four o'clock plant; Mitochondrial mutations in yeast(2 lectures); Maternal effects-shell coiling in snail(2 lectures); Infective heredity- Kappa particles in Paramecium(2 lectures).

Unit 3: Linkage, crossing over and chromosome mapping (12 lectures)

Linkage and crossing over-Cytological and molecular basis of crossing over(3 lectures); Recombination frequency, twofactor and three factor crosses(4 lectures); Interference and coincidence(1 lecture); Numericals based on gene mapping(2 lectures); Sex Linkage(1 lecture).

Unit 4: Variation in chromosome number and structure (8 lectures)

Deletion, Duplication, Inversion, Translocation(4 lectures), Position effect(1 lecture), Euploidy and Aneuploidy(3 lectures).

Unit 5: Gene mutations (6 lectures) Types of mutations; Molecular basis of Mutations; Mutagens – physical and chemical (Base analogs, deaminating, alkylating and intercalating agents)(2 lectures); Detection of mutations: ClBmethod.Role of Transposons in mutation(2 lectures).DNA repair mechanisms(2 lectures).

Unit 6: Fine structure of gene (6 lectures)

Classical vs molecular concepts of gene(2 lectures); Cis-Trans complementation test for functional allelism(2 lectures); Structure of Phage T4, rII Locus(2 lectures).

Unit 7: Population and Evolutionary Genetics (6 lectures)

Allele frequencies, Genotype frequencies, Hardy-Weinberg Law(2 lectures), role of natural selection, mutation, genetic drift(2 lectures). Genetic variation and Speciation(2 lectures).

<ul> <li>Ppts to be provided for all the classes. Photographic demonstration were done for Translocation Ring, Laggards and Inversion Bridge through ppts. Also, Idea about pretreatment, fixation, staining and smear preparation were given using ppts.</li> </ul>
Title:
Biofertilizers (SG)
Syllabus:
SG:
Unit 1: General account about the microbes used as biofertilizer – Rhizobium – isolation, identification, mass multiplication, carrier-based inoculants, Actinorrhizal symbiosis.
(4 lectures)
Unit 2: Azospirillum: isolation and mass multiplication – carrier based inoculant, associative effect of different microorganisms. Azotobacter: classification, characteristics – crop response to Azotobacter inoculum, maintenance and mass multiplication. (8 lectures)
Unit 3: Cyanobacteria (blue green algae), Azolla and Anabaena azollae association, nitrogen fixation, factors affecting growth, blue green algae and Azolla in rice cultivation. (4 lectures)
Unit 4: Mycorrhizal association, types of mycorrhizal association, taxonomy, occurrence and distribution, phosphorus nutrition, growth and yield – colonization of VAM – isolation and inoculum production of VAM, and its influence on growth and yield of crop plants.
(8 lectures)
Unit 5: Organic farming – Green manuring and organic fertilizers, Recycling of biodegradable municipal, agricultural and Industrial wastes – biocompost making methods, typesand method of vermicomposting – field Application. (6 lectures)
SEM II:
Title:
Mycology and Phytopathology ( <b>SG</b> ) Syllabus: <b>SG:</b>

Unit 8: Phytopathology (14 lectures)

Terms and concepts; General symptoms; Geographical distribution of diseases; 1

Etiology; 1

Symptomology;2

Host-Pathogen relationships;1

Disease cycle and environmental relation;1

prevention and control of plant diseases, and role of quarantine.2

Bacterial diseases – Citrus canker and angular leaf spot of cotton. 1

Viral diseases – Tobacco Mosaic viruses, vein clearing.1

Fungal diseases – Early blight of potato, Black stem rust of wheat, White rust of crucifers.2

• Ppts to be provided for all the classes. Visual demonstrations were given for several diseases using ppts.

Title:

Archegoniate and Palaeobotany (PP)

Syllabus:

#### PP

Unit 1: Introduction (4 lectures)

Unifying features of archegoniates(2 lectures); Transition to land habit; Alternation of generations (2 lectures).

Unit 2: Bryophytes (6 lectures)

General characteristics; Adaptations to land habit (3 lectures); Classification(1 lecture); Range of thallus organization(2 lectures).

Unit 3: Type Studies- Bryophytes (12 lectures) Classification (up to order), morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Riccia, Marchantia, Pellia, Porella, Anthoceros, Sphagnum and Funaria (7 lectures); Reproduction and evolutionary trends in Riccia, Marchantia, Anthoceros and Polytrichum (developmental stages not included) (3 lectures). Ecological and economic importance of bryophytes with special reference to Sphagnum (2 lectures).

• Ppts to be provided for all the classes. Visual demonstation of different bryophyta specimens using ppts.

# SEM I

Title:

Phycology (SG sir) and Microbiology

Unit 4: (11 lectures)

Algae General characteristics; Ecology and distribution (2 lectures); range of thallus organization; Cell structure and components; cell wall, pigment system, reserve food (of only groups represented in the syllabus), flagella; methods of reproduction(5 lectures); Classification; criteria, system of Fritsch, and evolutionary classification of Lee (only upto groups); Significant contributions of important phycologists (F.E. Fritsch, G.M. Smith, R.N. Singh, T.V. Desikachary, H.D. Kumar, M.O.P.Iyengar). Role of algae in the environment, agriculture, biotechnology and industry(4 lectures).

Unit 5: (8 lectures)

Cyanophyta and Xanthophyta Ecology and occurrence (2 lectures); Range of thallus organization; Cell structure; Reproduction, Morphology and life-cycle of Nostoc and Vaucheria(6 lectures).

Unit 6: (8 lectures)

Chlorophyta and Charophyta General characteristics (2 lectures); Occurrence; Range of thallus organization; Cell structure; Reproduction(2 lectures). Morphology and life-cycles of Chlamydomonas, Volvox, Oedogonium, Chara. Evolutionary significance of Prochloron (4 lectures).

Unit 7: (12 lectures)

Phaeophyta and Rhodophyta Characteristics (2 lectures); Occurrence; Range of thallus organization (2 lectures); Cell structure; Reproduction (2 lectures). Morphology and life-cycles of Ectocarpus, Fucus and Polysiphonia (6 lectures).

• Ppts to be provided for all the classes. Visual demonstration of different algal specimens using ppts.

# Biomolecules (PP) and Cell Biology

Syllabus:

#### PP:

Unit 1: Biomolecules (20 lectures):

Types and significance of chemical bonds (2 lectures)

Structure and properties of water; pH and buffers (4 lectures)

Carbohydrates: Nomenclature and classification; Monosaccharides; Disaccharides;

Oligosaccharides and polysaccharides (2 lectures)

Lipids: Definition and major classes of storage and structural lipids (1 lecture)

Fatty acids structure and functions (1 lecture)

Essential fatty acids (1 lecture)

Triacylglycerols structure, functions and properties (1 lecture)

Phosphoglycerides (1 lecture).

Proteins: Structure of amino acids; Levels of protein structure-primary, secondary, tertiary and quarternary (2 lectures)

Protein denaturation and biological roles of proteins (1 lecture)

Nucleic acids: Structure of nitrogenous bases; Structure and function of nucleotides (1 lecture); Types of nucleic acids; Structure of A, B, Z types of DNA; Types of RNA; Structure of tRNA (1 lecture).

# Unit 2: Bioenergenetics (4 lectures):

Laws of thermodynamics, concept of free energy, endergonic and exergonic reactions (2 lecture), coupled reactions, redox reactions (1 lecture).

ATP: structure, its role as an energy currency molecule (1 lecture).

# Unit 3: Enzymes (6 lectures):

Structure of enzyme: holoenzyme, apoenzyme, cofactors, coenzymes and prosthetic group (1 lecture);

Classification of enzymes; Features of active site, substrate specificity (1 lecture), mechanism of action (activation energy, lock and key hypothesis, induced - fit theory (1 lecture),

Michaelis – Menten equation, enzyme inhibition and factors affecting enzyme activity (2 lectures).

• Ppts to be provided for all the classes. Materials to be provided for qualitative tests for carbohydrates, reducing sugars, non-reducing sugars, lipids and proteins. Visual demonstation of different biochemical test using ppts.